

## d-MPBX -User Manual



## YieldPoint Inc.

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#### **Product Warranty**

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New equipment may be returned within 30 days of shipment with prior approval. New items which are less than thirty days old after shipment may be returned for credit, less a minimum restocking and testing charge of twenty percent of the list price upon factory approval only, provided the customer pays all shipping and handling charges. Specially ordered, or modified goods, or goods which have been used or have been unpacked, or goods which have been shipped more than thirty days prior are not returnable.

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### Service Policy

Units within the warranty period returned for repair, test, and recalibration are serviced at no charge in accordance with the terms of the warranty policy. The Customer pays all transportation and other charges to the factory.

Units out of warranty returned for repair, test, and/or recalibration are handled on a time and material basis. If requested, or if costs exceed 50% of current list price, YieldPoint Inc., advises the customer prior to making the repairs. Such repairs are performed at the customer's expense. Typical test, recalibration, and repairs are 25% of the instrument's current list price. Transportation charges both ways are at the customer's expense.

Please be sure all returns are shipped with the following information included:

- 1. Your company Name with Billing and Shipping Addresses.
- 2.A complete description of your problem, or re-calibration data.
- 3. The contact person at your company, with their telephone and facsimile numbers.
- 4. Non-Warranty returns additionally need your Purchase Order Number.

Please pack your returned instruments in their original shipping cartons, or in equivalent strong protective shipping cartons.

#### Hole Size

The DETECT MPBX can be installed in 2.25in (57mm) holes and bigger.

#### Unwrapping the Extensometer.

- 1. Uncoil the instrument and lay straight.
- 2. Plug the cable into the MIU and take a reading with the instrument coiled. The instrument should scroll through its anchors.

#### *Install the cable in the borehole:*

- 3. Blow all down-holes and in general make sure the holes are as clean as possible.
- 4. In poor ground insert a regular (non-instrumented) grout hose to make sure the borehole is viable.
- 5. Cut a length of grout hole to the appropriate length for the DETECT MPBX. Remember to cut the end of the grout hose at a 60degree angle to make insertion easier.
- 6. Securely attach the grout hose to the instrumented end of DETECT MPBX with electrical tape (toe to collar grouting assumed). IMPORTANT: The angled end of the grout hose should be 100mm longer than the DETECT MPBX.
- 7. Insert into the borehole carefully by pushing on the grout hose. Tape the grout hose to the DETECT MPBX at regular intervals during insertion.
- 8. If problems occur during insertion remove the borehole extensometer and probe the borehole with a regular cable to dislodge any loose fragments.
- 9. Secure the instrument at the collar of the borehole by using expansive foam or burlap cloth.
- 10. Take a reading with the MIU.

#### Grouting the cables

- 11. Use expansive foam or burlap cloth to seal collar of hole if water:cement ratio is greater than 0.4.
- 12. Grout the cables with a 0.40w:c ratio Portland cement grout. Other grouts such as mortar and epoxy resin can also be used.

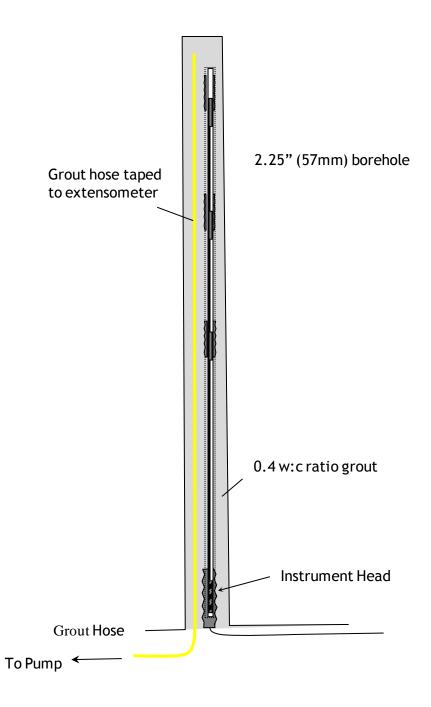
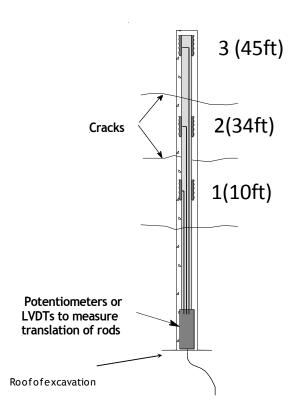


Figure 1: Fully installed DETECT MPBX in uphole.

### **DATA INTERPRETATION**

Assume we have a 3 point extensometer with anchors at 10ft, 34ft and 45ft from the roof of the excavation.



Some hypothetical readings are shown in the following table. Notice that the reading are larger for the more distant anchors even though we intuitively know these points have physically moved less (i.e. thing appear the wrong way around).

Anchor	T=0	T=7days	T=14 days
3 (45ft)	13.35	17.65	21.65
2 (34ft)	16.71	20.23	23.75
1 (10ft)	24.34	24.65	25.13
Roof	N/A	N/A	N/A

**RAW EXTENSOMETER DATA** 

Then referencing the displacements to their values at t=0, we obtain:

Anchor	T=0	T=7days	T=14 days
3 (45ft)	0.00	4.30	8.30
2 (34ft)	0.00	3.52	7.04
1 (10ft)	0.00	0.31	0.79
Roof	N/A	N/A	N/A

TIME REFERENCED EXTENSOMETER DATA

Now we need to "invert" the time-referenced extensometer data based on the fact that Anchor 3 at 45ft has moved least. This results in:

Anchor	T=0	T=7days	T=14 days
3 (45ft)	0.00	0.00	0.00
2 (34ft)	0.00	0.78	1.26
1 (10ft)	0.00	3.99	7.51
Roof	0.00	4.30	8.30

SPATIALLY INVERTED EXTENSOMETER DATA

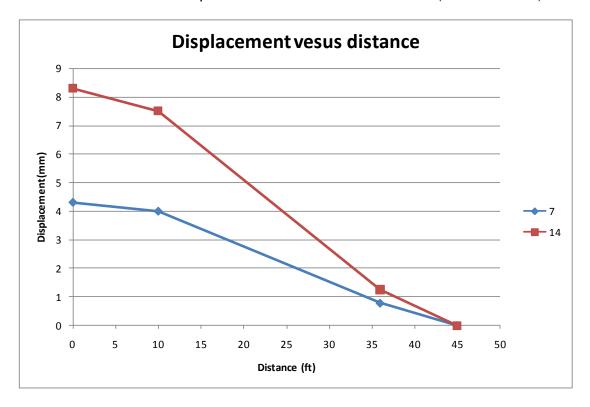
The inversion expression is simply:

inverted displacement (10ft) = displacement (45ft new ref)-displacement(10ft)

#### Notice that

Inverted displacement (Roof) = displacement (45ft)

Since this is the relative displacement between the 45ft anchor(new reference) and the roof.



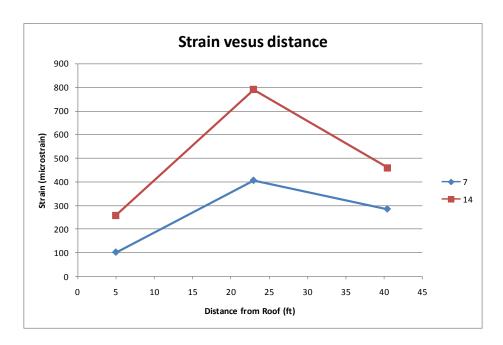
An excel spreadsheet can be developed and spatial plots can be generated with each line representing a snapshot for a given date (7 and 14days in this case).

The slope of the 2 plots is the average strain between the anchor points. Notice this is greater between the 10ft and 36ft anchor than between 0 and 10ft. The strain (in microstrain) can be calculated from:

Average strain (10-36) = 100000(Spat Ref. Disp (10ft)-Spat Ref Disp(36ft)/((36-10)\*304.8))

304.8 being the conversion factor between ft and mm. This gives the results presented in tha table below:

	Interval 1	Interval 2	Interval 3
	Roof-> 10	10-> 36	36->45
Location (ft)	5	23	40.5
0 days	0	0	0
7 days	101.706	405.0575	284.3395
14 days	259.1864	788.6634	459.3176



Notice that the strain values is plotted midway between the anchor points.

Strain is often a good indicator of crack density and indicates whether the deformation is truly distributed or localized at specific structures.